# 0871LH1 **Freezing Rain Sensor**

MEASUREMENTS MATTER

Campbell Scientific's 0871LH1 Freezing Rain Sensor detects the presence of icing conditions so that appropriate actions can be taken to prevent damage to power and communication lines, to warn of road hazards, or to keep ice off of wind turbine blades or a plane's wings. Ice on a wind turbine's blades is undesirable because:

- The blade can throw large chunks of ice a considerable distance-an extremely dangerous, potentially lethal situation.
- Formation of ice can cause unbalanced loading on the turbine's blades, bearings, and gear box.
- Ice reduces the turbine's power output.

The 0871LH1 can be used for wind prospecting applications by helping predict the amount of time a potential wind power site may be out of commission due to icing conditions. Additionally, the sensor lets users know when ice is preventing their wind sensors from providing data.

#### Measurement Process

The 0871LH1 uses resonant frequencies to determine the presence of icing conditions. Its main component is a nickel alloy rod that has a natural resonant frequency of 40 kHz. As ice collects on the rod, the added mass causes the resonant frequency to decrease. When the frequency decreases to 130 Hz (or 0.02-in. layer of ice), an internal heater automatically defrosts the sensor.

### **Ordering Information**

| Freezing Rain Sensor |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 0871LH1              | Goodrich Freezing Rain Sensor. Requires the<br>purchase of a sensor cable and a mounting kit (see<br>below). The 24 Vdc power kit is also required if the<br>heater is used (see below). |  |  |  |
| Common Accessories   |  |  |  |  |
| 0871LH1CBL-L         | 0871LH1 Sensor Cable with user-specified cable length; enter length, in ft, after the -L.  |  |  |  |
| 26966                | 0871LH1 Mounting Kit   |  |  |  |
| 26967                | 0871LH1 24V Power Supply Kit   |  |  |  |



#### **Specifications**

Set Point:

Ice signal activates when probe ice thickness exceeds 0.020 ±0.005 in.

Operating with no ice or with probe ice thickness below the

Operating with probe ice thick-

ness exceeding the set point.

**Operating Modes** Sensing:

Deicing:

**Discrete Output Signals** Ice Signal:

Status Signal:

**RS-422 Output Signals** Ice State: Fail State:

Built-In-Test (BIT) Commanded:

- No icing: Open1 - Icing detected: Ground<sup>2</sup>

set point.

- Operating correctly: Ground<sup>2</sup> - Failure detected: Open<sup>1</sup>

1 = lce, 0 = No lce 1 = Fail, 0 = No Fail (OK)

Performed at initial power-up. If a failure is detected and verified, the ice detector stops detecting and annunciating icing conditions; the heaters are disabled; and a failure is annunciated. **Continuous:** Hardware and software BIT verifies that internal electronics are functioning properly. **Output Format:** 

RS-422 output operates at 9600 baud

<sup>1</sup>For the Output Signal specifications, "Open" has an impedance of  $\geq$  200 k.

<sup>2</sup>For the Output Signal specifications, "Ground" has a maximum current sink of 50 mA.

## **Specifications Continued**

| Electrical<br>Input Voltage:   | 22 to 29.5 Vdc                       | Physical<br>Weight:  | 0.7 lb (0.3 kg) maximum   |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Power Consumption<br>Sensing Mode:<br>Delcing Mode:                        | 15 Watts maximum<br>50 Watts maximum | <b>Dimensions</b><br>Base Diameter:<br>Base Height:<br>Plate Size: | 2.88 in. (7.32 cm)<br>1.5 in. (3.81 cm)<br>2.9 x 2.9 x 0.085 in.  |
| <i>Environmental</i><br><b>Temperature Range</b><br>Operating:<br>Storage: | –55° to +71°C<br>–65° to +90°C       | Strut Diameter:<br>Strut Height:<br>Rod Diameter:<br>Rod Height:   | (7.37 x 7.37 x 0.22 cm)<br>1.22 in. (3.10 cm)<br>1.0 in. (2.54 cm)<br>0.25 in. (0.64 cm)<br>1.0 in. (2.54 cm) |
| <b>Random Vibration:</b>   | 7.9 Grms (DO-160D, Category R)       | Electrical Connectors  |   |
| Shock:   | MIL 810D METHOD 516                  | Mechanical:<br>Mating:   | MS27474T10B199PN<br>MS27474T10B199SN  |

